MAGFAST LLC

MAGFAST

Annual Report 2022

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Throughout this document, mentions of MAGFAST refer to MAGFAST LLC, an LLC formed on 10/03/2017 in Delaware (the "Company"). The Company's physical address is 1 Grandview Ave, Cornwall on Hudson, NY 12520.

You may contact the Company by emailing investors@MAGFAST.com. This annual report is posted on the Company's website, MAGFAST.com. The Company may provide additional, occasional updates to investors via Netcapital.com.

Each investor should consult his or her own financial adviser, counsel, and accountant as to legal, tax, and related matters concerning his or her investment. The information in this Form is not meant to constitute such advice.

These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the merits of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering, document or literature.

These securities were offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

The information contained herein may include forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or to future financial performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, that may cause actual results to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements since they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which are, in some cases, beyond the company's control and which could, and likely will, materially affect actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Any forward-looking statement reflects the current views with respect to future events and is subject to these and other risks, uncertainties, and assumptions relating to operations, results of operations, growth strategy, and liquidity. No obligation exists to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

Questions and Answers

1. What is the legal status (including its form of organization, jurisdiction in which it is organized and date of organization), physical address and website of the Company? (§ 227.201(a))

MAGFAST LLC ("MAGFAST") is an LLC formed on 10/03/2017, in Delaware. The Company's physical address is 1 Grandview Ave, Cornwall on Hudson, NY 12520. The Company's website may be accessed at MAGFAST.com.

2. What are the names of the directors and officers (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the Company, all positions and offices with the Company held by such persons, the period of time in which such persons served in the position or office and their business experience during the past three years, including: each person's principal occupation and employment, including whether any officer is employed by another employer; and the name and principal business of any corporation or other organization in which such occupation and employment took place? For purposes of this question, the term officer means a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer or principal financial officer, comptroller or principal accounting officer, and any person routinely performing similar functions. (§ 227.201(b))

Seymour Segnit

Board positions with MAGFAST

Dates	Position	Principal Occupation
10/03/2017 - Present		

Positions with MAGFAST

Dates	Position	Responsibilities
10/03/2017 - Present	CEO & Founder	Chief Executive Officer

Business Experience

Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities	
03/18/2010 - Present	Mischievous LLC	Managing Member	
	I	Amy Rau Segnit	
Board positions with M	IAGFAST		
Dates	Position	Principal Occupation	
MAGFAST - Present	Director		
Positions with MAGFA	ST		
Dates	Position	Responsibilities	
10/03/2017 - Present	Co-Founder & Secretary	Secretary	
Business Experience			
Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities	
03/18/2010 - Present	Mischievous LLC	Managing Member	
	Richa	rd Michael Warwick	
Board positions with M	IAGFAST		
Dates	Position	Principal Occupation	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
Positions with MAGFA	ST		
Dates	Position	Responsibilities	
07/01/2018 - Present	COO	Chief Operating Officer	

Business Experience

Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities
02/01/2021 - 06/01/2021	ATX LED	Chief Operating Officer
06/01/2018 - 03/01/2021	Biomedical Musical Solutions	COO & CTO

David Robert Neil Scaife

$Board\ positions\ with\ MAGFAST$

Dates	Position	Principal Occupation	
N/A	N/A	N/A	

Positions with MAGFAST

Dates	Position	Responsibilities	
12/01/2020 - Present	Marketing Consultant	Marketing Consultant	

Business Experience

Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities		
11/01/2018 - Present	Enyap Consulting Ltd	Director		

Rex Alan Northen

Board positions with MAGFAST

Dates	Position	Principal Occupation
N/A	N/A	N/A

Positions with MAGFAST

Dates	Position	Responsibilities
07/01/2019 - Present	Investment Strategy Consultant	Investment Strategy Consultant
Business Experience		
Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities
12/01/2020 - Present	Merexa LLC	Managing Member

3. What is the name and ownership level of each person, as of the most recent practicable date but no earlier than 120 days prior to the date the offering statement or report is filed, who is a beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power? (§ 227.201(c) and portions of § 227.201(m))

Mischievous LLC, a New York limited liability company ("Mischievous"), is the sole manager of the issuer. Amy Rau Segnit and Seymour Segnit are the controlling member managers of Mischievous, own 1,487,588 shares of COMMON UNITS, representing a voting power of 100%.

4. Describe the business of the Company and the anticipated business plan of the Company. (§ 227.201(d))

MAGFAST, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company"), is a consumer-electronics company engaged in the business of developing, manufacturing, selling, and distributing a family of magnetic wireless chargers, principally for use with mobile devices such as smartphones, readers and tablets.

The Company's primary activities are product design and online marketing. Manufacturing is outsourced to partners in China. Our direct-to-consumer model is predicated on advance orders (pre-orders). Pre-orders have allowed us to validate demand for the product range and to test numerous online marketing approaches.

Our core values and beliefs are to:

build and cherish strong bonds;

choose to delight;

share our passion;

consider all implications; and

embrace every challenge.

Products:

MAGFAST chargers support older USB connections as well as USB-C and Qi Wireless, the new standards for wired and wireless charging. All MAGFAST products are designed to 'cut the cord', working together wirelessly as an integrated family through a unique 'snap-to-charge' technology: all power banks in the range can be rapidly charged by snapping it to a MAGFAST charger, then removing them instantly when needed.

Designed for all mobile devices, every charger in the MAGFAST family is designed to be best in class and to work independently or in combination with any other; purchasing any single product offers incentives to buy more in the range.

A video introduction and demonstration can be viewed at https://www.MAGFAST.com/investors/

The initial product family consists of six main products, with international variants to follow.

5. How many employees does the Company currently have? (§ 227.201(e))

MAGFAST LLC currently has 2 employees.

6. Discuss the material factors that make an investment in the Company speculative or risky. (§ 227.201(f))

1. We face risks related to health epidemics and other outbreaks, which could significantly disrupt the Company's operations and could have a material adverse impact on us. The outbreak of pandemics and epidemics could materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition, and results of operations. If a pandemic occurs in areas in which we have material operations or sales, the Company's business activities originating from affected areas, including sales, materials, and supply chain related activities, could be adversely affected. Disruptive activities could include the temporary closure of facilities used in the Company's supply chain processes, restrictions on the export or shipment of products necessary to run the Company's business, business closures in impacted areas, and restrictions on the Company's employees' or consultants' ability to travel and to meet with customers, vendors or other business relationships. The extent to which a pandemic or other health outbreak impacts the Company's results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of a virus and the actions to contain it or

treat its impact, among others. Pandemics can also result in social, economic, and labor instability which may adversely impact the Company's business.

- 2. Any valuation at this stage is difficult to assess. Unlike listed companies that are valued publicly through market-driven stock prices, the valuation of private companies, especially startups, is difficult to assess and you may risk overpaying for your investment. In addition, there may be additional classes of equity with rights that are superior to the class of equity being sold.
- 3. The failure to attract and retain key employees could hurt our business, and our management does not have extensive experience in the operation of businesses such as ours. Our success also depends upon our ability to attract and retain numerous highly qualified employees. Our failure to attract and retain skilled management and employees may prevent or delay us from pursuing certain opportunities. If we fail to successfully fill many management roles, fail to fully integrate new members of our management team, lose the services of key personnel, or fail to attract additional qualified personnel, it will be significantly more difficult for us to achieve our growth strategies and success.
- 4. We are highly dependent on the services of our CEO and founder. Our future business and results of operations depend in significant part upon the continued contributions of this individual. If we lose those services or if he fails to perform in his current position, or if we are not able to attract and retain skilled employees in addition to our CEO and the current team, this could adversely affect the development of our business plan and harm our business. In addition, the loss of any other member of the board of directors or executive officers could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow and results of operations.
- 5. Start-up investing is risky. Investing in early-stage companies is very risky, highly speculative, and should not be made by anyone who cannot afford to lose their entire investment. Unlike an investment in a mature business where there is a track record of revenue and income, the success of a startup or early-stage venture often relies on the development of a new product or service that may or may not find a market. Before investing, you should carefully consider the specific risks and disclosures related to both this offering type and the company.
- 6. Intense competition in the markets in which we compete could prevent us from generating or sustaining revenue growth and generating or maintaining profitability. Our business sector is competitive, and we expect it to become increasingly competitive in the future as more startups enter the industry. We may also face competition from large companies, any of which might have more capital than we have and launch its own business that competes with us.
- 7. You might lose your money: We believe MAGFAST will be very successful and that investors will earn a good return on their investment. However, there is no guarantee. Any number of things could go wrong, including (but not limited to) the things described below. You shouldn't invest unless you can afford to lose all your investment.

- 8. MAGFAST is a startup: Although the principals of MAGFAST have experience with other companies and similar products, MAGFAST itself was formed only recently and should be viewed as a start-up enterprise. Investing in early-stage companies is not like investing in mature, publicly-traded companies with professional management and predictable cash flows. Like most startups, we face significant challenges turning our business plans into a sustainable business, including understanding the marketplace and accurately identifying opportunities for growth, developing our products in a changing marketplace, anticipating consumer preferences, developing our brand identity, responding effectively to the products of competitors, attracting, retaining, and motivating qualified executives and personnel, implementing business systems and processes, including technology systems, raising capital, controlling costs, managing growth, and expansion, Implementing adequate accounting and financial systems and controls, dealing with adverse changes in economic conditions.
- 9. Competition: MAGFAST has many competitors, large and small. Moreover, many of our competitors have significantly greater resources and/or better competitive positions in certain product segments, geographic regions, or customer demographics. Among other things, our competitors might develop products that are comparable or superior to ours, undertake more far-reaching and successful product development efforts or marketing campaigns, adopt more aggressive pricing policies, respond more effectively to new or emerging technologies, or use strong or dominant positions in one or more other markets to gain a competitive advantage in our market.
- 10. Unreliable Revenue Projections: Any estimate of our revenue will be by nature unreliable, given all of the uncertainties of our business. We have no way of knowing with certainty how much revenue we will generate, or even whether we will generate revenue at all.
- 11. Distribution Channels: Building a better mousetrap is not enough. Although we believe our products are superior to the products of our competitors, we must be able to get our products into mass-market distribution channels, like major retail stores. Although the Internet does allow us to reach consumers directly, we might need to get into traditional distribution channels to achieve success and there is no guarantee that we will be able to do so, particularly if we are offering only one set of products.
- 12. Risks of Manufacturing: Manufacturing products like ours is highly challenging, and there is no guarantee that we will be successful. Among the many challenges of manufacturing: Our products must be manufactured to very close tolerances. Defects in the products would damage our reputation and our business. We could face shortages in parts and raw materials. Our power banks are manufactured using rechargeable cells purchased from other suppliers. As with competing products, if there are defects in the manufacturing of these cells it could result in shipping an unsafe product with widespread repercussions. Even if we can manufacture products in low volume, we might not be able to scale, we might need to re-design our products on short notice, we could become involved in labor disputes, and the costs of manufacturing could suddenly increase. If our current manufacturers cannot meet our requirements, there is a chance we might have to engage

new manufacturing partners for our products. In this case, some or all of the development or tooling work for our products might have to be replicated at our cost.

- 13. Third-Party Manufacturer: MAGFAST contracts with a third party to manufacture its products. If our third-party manufacturer became unable to build our products, whether due to natural disasters, other force majeure event, or its own financial difficulties, or if it were unable to meet our growing production demands or changing production specifications in a timely manner, this could delay product delivery and therefore MAGFAST's ability to grow its revenues as anticipated. In some cases, MAGFAST could be required to locate a new manufacturer, which could interrupt production for a significant period of time, damaging our business.
- 14. Functionality: If our products do not function as consumers expect them to, it would damage our business, and because the functionality of a product involves both objective and subjective elements (does the product charge my device vs. how does the product feel in my hand), it is very difficult to know in advance whether we will meet expectations.
- 15. Product Defects: If our products contain defects, at a minimum our reputation could be harmed and our revenue decreased. If the defects are extensive and serious enough, they could even put us out of business. Our third-party manufacturer will have in place quality controls to detect defects, but these controls still are subject to human error.
- 16. Product Liability Claims and Recalls: MAGFAST manufactures products that create exposure to product liability claims and litigation, such as claims for personal injuries and property damage, e.g. fire. The costs associated with defending product liability claims could be substantial, and MAGFAST could be liable for and subject to damages awards to third parties as a result. MAGFAST's products could be subject to recalls, including recalls issued by the Consumer Product Safety Commission or other regulatory bodies. MAGFAST may be required to recall, repair or replace products if those products are found not to be in compliance with applicable standards or regulations, which could be extremely expensive and require substantial time and resources. In addition, product liability claims and recalls could adversely impact MAGFAST's reputation, regardless of the merits of the underlying claims or of the matters giving rise to a recall.
- 17. Reliance on Single Product Line: For the foreseeable future, we expect virtually all of MAGFAST's revenues to be derived from one product line. Relying so heavily on one product line creates a number of risks, including the greater difficulty of getting into distribution channels, greater exposure to competition, higher per-item costs (manufacturing costs, marketing costs, general overhead, etc.), and less pricing leverage.
- 18. Changes in Technology: We are in the technology business, and changes in the underlying technology associated with charging mobile devices could have an immediate and devastating impact on our business. For example, if Apple and Samsung announced devices that could be charged through the air, without cords or magnets, our business would probably be hurt very significantly. There is simply no way to predict changes in technology.

- 19. We Might Change Our Business Plans: Depending on the circumstances, we might change our business plans and strategies. We will neither need nor seek the consent of investors to change our plans.
- 20. Need for New Products: The success of MAGFAST might depend on our ability to develop new and better products, with more features that consumers want. While MAGFAST has a number of product development strategies in place, there is no guarantee that we will be successful in doing so. If MAGFAST is unable to develop new products, it could reduce the amount paid to investors.
- 21. Unpredictable Operating Costs: Our operating costs are unpredictable and in many cases beyond our control. If operating costs rose too high or too quickly, it could threaten our ability to remain in business.
- 22. Our Revenues Might be Limited by Marketing Budget: The more we spend on marketing, the more revenue we expect to generate. However, we do not have an unlimited marketing budget. If we are unable to produce sales quickly and/or raise more capital, our marketing efforts could be hamstrung and our revenues suffer accordingly.
- 23. Dual Purposes: MAGFAST has a public benefit purpose as well as a commercial purpose. It is very possible that as a result of pursuing its public benefit purpose, the Company could generate lower revenues, and thus a lower return to investors, than if it were focused only on producing profits.
- 24. Changes in Laws Could Affect the Business: Our business could be affected adversely by changes in the law for example, by a law that imposes new safety requirements on our products, or a law that makes our products harder to sell.
- 25. Consumers Don't Need Our Products: Apple, Samsung, and other manufacturers may include charging cables with their phones and other mobile devices. As a result, consumers don't really need our products. They will buy our products only if they see enough added value.
- 26. Target Market: The market for MAGFAST's products may not be as large as MAGFAST believes or anticipates, and may fail to develop and grow as anticipated by MAGFAST or fail to grow at all.
- 27. Economic Conditions Could Affect Our Business: MAGFAST sells products that are not necessities like food or shelter, but luxuries. As a result, MAGFAST could be adversely affected by a deterioration in economic conditions, as consumers choose or are forced to spend less on premium goods.

- 28. Low Minimum Offering: Under the terms of this offering, we are allowed to start spending investor dollars as soon as we have raised \$10,000. Yet if we raise that little capital, we might need to seek additional capital immediately or the business might be at a significant risk of failure.
- 29. Need for Additional Capital: MAGFAST might need more money in the future to fund new product development, expand its operations, buy property and equipment, finance inventory, hire new team members, market its products and services, pay overhead and general administrative expenses, or a variety of other reasons. There is no guarantee that MAGFAST will be able to raise all of the funds required to operate and maintain its business. If additional funds are needed and MAGFAST cannot obtain such funds, our business might fail and investors could lose some or all of their investment.
- 30. We Don't Own the Intellectual Property: MAGFAST itself doesn't own the intellectual property upon which our business is based. Instead, the intellectual property is owned by the founder of MAGFAST, Seymour Segnit, and his wife, Amy Rau Segnit. MAGFAST has the exclusive right to use the intellectual property in its business by contract, but Mr. and Ms. Segnit have the right to terminate the contract should MAGFAST fail to meet minimum performance criteria. In that event MAGFAST would no longer be able to conduct its business.
- 31. Patents and Intellectual Property Rights: MAGFAST believes that the intellectual property will provide a significant competitive advantage, but there is no guarantee this will prove to be the case. For example, competitors could come up with alternatives to our products that do not involve the use of our patents. Alternatively, a competitor could challenge the validity of our patents in court and a court could find that they are invalid. Defending the validity of a patent in legal proceedings can be prohibitively expensive and could require MAGFAST to devote substantial time and resources. A competitor with deep pockets could use a patent claim even one without merit to effectively invalidate our patents.
- 32. Intellectual Property Infringement: MAGFAST could be subject to claims from third parties that MAGFAST has infringed on their intellectual property rights, including patents, trademarks and copyrights. MAGFAST could be subject to substantial costs of defending such claims, and could be liable for damages if MAGFAST is found to have infringed on another party's intellectual property rights. Defending such claims could require significant time and resources, and could cause significant disruptions to MAGFAST's systems and operations.
- 33. Need to Attract and Retain Employees and Contractors: To achieve its objectives, MAGFAST must hire and retain qualified executives, engineers, technical staff and sales personnel. If MAGFAST is unable to attract and retain capable managers and personnel, this may adversely affect its results of operations. With much deeper pockets, our competitors might be able to outbid us for talented employees and even take the employees or contractors we have already.
- 34. Risks Associated with Leverage: MAGFAST might borrow money from banks or other lenders, sometimes referred to as "leverage." While using leverage can increase the total return on the

borrower's equity, it also increases risk because the amount borrowed has to be repaid in accordance with a schedule. To repay its loans, MAGFAST might be forced to scale down its operations, sell assets, and modify its business strategy, for example. This could reduce the amount paid to investors.

- 35. Risk of Uninsured Losses: MAGFAST will decide what kind of insurance to purchase, and in what amounts. There is no guarantee that MAGFAST will carry adequate or sufficient insurance coverage for all of the risks it will face. Likewise, some risks cannot be insured at all, or cannot be insured on an affordable basis, and MAGFAST might not be able to purchase or afford all the insurance it needs. Therefore, MAGFAST could incur uninsured losses.
- 36. Reliance on One Person: MAGFAST relies significantly on the skills of Seymour Segnit, MAGFAST's founder. If Mr. Segnit resigned, died, or became ill, MAGFAST and its investors could suffer.
- 37. No Right to Participate in Management: Investors will not be entitled to participate in the management of MAGFAST.
- 38. Lack of Professional Management: Although Mr. Segnit has managed other companies and businesses, he does not hold a degree in business management and is not a professional manager. MAGFAST intends to hire professional managers in the future, but there is no assurance they will be able to do so.
- 39. Failure of Prior Business: Mr. Segnit was the founder and manager of thingCHARGER, Inc., which was engaged in the business of developing, manufacturing, and selling a charger for mobile devices from 2013 to 2016. Although that company enjoyed some success, it ultimately failed. There is no assurance that the experience of thingCHARGER, Inc. will not be repeated with MAGFAST.
- 40. Claims and/or Negative Publicity from Creditors of Prior Business: When thingCHARGER, Inc. failed, not everyone was paid. Because of the similarities of the business conducted by thingCHARGER, Inc. on one hand, and MAGFAST on the other hand, and certain other factors, creditors of thingCHARGER, Inc. including customers who did not receive the products they ordered might assert claims against MAGFAST. Even if the claims lack legal merit MAGFAST would be required to spend money to defend them, and if the claims ultimately were found to have merit they could represent a very substantial financial burden on MAGFAST. In either case, the existence of these claims could reduce the amount paid to investors. Creditors (including disgruntled former customers) could also seek to harm the reputation of MAGFAST.
- 41. No Registration Under Securities Laws: Neither MAGFAST nor the securities will be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") or the securities regulator of any state. Hence, neither MAGFAST nor your securities is subject to the same degree of regulation and scrutiny as if the securities were registered.

- 42. Incomplete Offering Information: The securities are being issued under SEC Rule 4(a)(6). Although we have tried to provide a significant amount of information in this Offering Statement, SEC Rule 4(a)(6) does not require us to provide you with all the information that would be required in some other kinds of securities offerings, such as a public offering of shares (for example, publicly-traded firms must generally provide investors with quarterly and annual financial statements that have been audited by an independent accounting firm). It is possible that if you had more information about us, you would make a different investment decision.
- 43. Lack of Ongoing Information: We will be required to provide some information to investors for at least one year following the offering. However, this information is far more limited than the information that would be required of a publicly-reporting company, and under some circumstances, we would be permitted (and could choose) to stop providing annual information.
- 44. Breaches of Security: It is possible that our systems would be "hacked," leading to the theft or disclosure of confidential information you have provided to us. Because techniques used to obtain unauthorized access or to sabotage systems change frequently and generally are not recognized until they are launched against a target, we and our vendors may be unable to anticipate these techniques or to implement adequate preventative measures.
- 45. Limits on Liability of Company Management: Your rights to make claims against our management team will be very limited. In making your investment decision you should assume that you will never be able to sue MAGFAST's management, even if they make decisions you believe are stupid or incompetent unless they violate Federal or State securities laws.
- 46. Your Interests Aren't Represented by Our Lawyers: We have lawyers who represent us. Our lawyers have drafted all of the legal documents reflecting your investment in MAGFAST. None of these lawyers represents you personally. If you want your interests to be represented, you will have to hire your own lawyer, at your own cost.
- 47. Other Conflicts of Interest: In some ways the interests of investors and the interests of MAGFAST's management team will coincide: everyone wants MAGFAST to be as successful as possible. However, your interests might be in conflict in other important areas. For example, you might want MAGFAST to generate revenue as quickly as possible, while the management team might believe deferring sales is in the best long-term interest of MAGFAST.
- 48. You Do Have a Downside: If MAGFAST fails to generate the revenue it expects to generate, you could lose some or all of your investment.
- 49. The Company's business is predicated on pre-orders. Customers who have been waiting for preordered products may not be happy with the delay and may request refunds.

- 50. We have broad discretion over the use of proceeds from securities offerings. The Company's management will have broad discretion with respect to the application of net proceeds received and accepted by the Company from the sale of securities and may spend such proceeds in ways that do not improve the Company's results of operations or enhance the value of the Company's other issued and outstanding securities from time to time. For example, if we were to acquire a company with the proceeds of this offering, the acquired company could fail to be profitable, and therefore could cause us to incur significant losses. Any failure by management to apply these funds effectively could result in financial losses that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business or cause the price of the Company's issued and outstanding securities to decline.
- 51. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature. You should not rely on the fact that our Form C, and if applicable Form D is accessible through the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's EDGAR filing system as an approval, endorsement or guarantee of compliance as it relates to this Offering.
- 52. Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws, leading to an absence of certain regulation applicable to the Company. The securities being offered have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), in reliance on exemptive provisions of the Securities Act. Similar reliance has been placed on apparently available exemptions from securities registration or qualification requirements under applicable state securities laws. No assurance can be given that any offering currently qualifies or will continue to qualify under one or more of such exemptive provisions due to, among other things, the adequacy of disclosure and the manner of distribution, the existence of similar offerings in the past or in the future, or a change of any securities law or regulation that has retroactive effect. If, and to the extent that, claims or suits for rescission are brought and successfully concluded for failure to register any offering or other offerings or for acts or omissions constituting offenses under the Securities Act, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or applicable state securities laws, the Company could be materially adversely affected, jeopardizing the Company's ability to operate successfully. Furthermore, the human and capital resources of the Company could be adversely affected by the need to defend actions under these laws, even if the Company is ultimately successful in its defense.
- 53. The Company's management may have broad discretion in how the Company uses the net proceeds of the Offering. Despite that the Company has agreed to a specific use of the proceeds from the Offering, the Company's management will have considerable discretion over the allocation of proceeds from the Offering. You may not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately.
- 54. The Securities issued by the Company will not be freely tradable until one year from the initial purchase date. Although the Securities may be tradable under federal securities law, state securities regulations may apply, and each Investor should consult with his or her attorney. You should be

aware of the long-term nature of this investment. There is not now and likely will not be a public market for the Securities. Because the Securities offered in this Offering have not been registered under the Securities Act or under the securities laws of any state or non-United States jurisdiction, the Securities have transfer restrictions and cannot be resold in the United States except pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF. It is not currently contemplated that registration under the Securities Act or other securities laws will be affected. Limitations on the transfer of the shares of Securities may also adversely affect the price that you might be able to obtain for the shares of Securities in a private sale. Investors should be aware of the long-term nature of their investment in the Company. Investors in this Offering will be required to represent that they are purchasing the Securities for their own account, for investment purposes and not with a view to resale or distribution thereof.

- 55. Investors will not be entitled to any inspection or information rights other than those required by Regulation CF. Investors will not have the right to inspect the books and records of the Company or to receive financial or other information from the Company, other than as required by Regulation CF. Other security holders of the Company may have such rights. Regulation CF requires only the provision of an annual report on Form C and no additional information there are numerous methods by which the Company can terminate annual report obligations, resulting in no information rights, contractual, statutory or otherwise, owed to Investors. This lack of information could put Investors at a disadvantage in general and with respect to other security holders.
- 56. The shares of Securities acquired upon the Offering may be significantly diluted as a consequence of subsequent financings. Company equity securities will be subject to dilution. Company intends to issue additional equity to future employees and third-party financing sources in amounts that are uncertain at this time, and as a consequence, holders of Securities will be subject to dilution in an unpredictable amount. Such dilution may reduce the purchaser's economic interests in the Company.
- 57. The amount of additional financing needed by Company will depend upon several contingencies not foreseen at the time of this Offering. Each such round of financing (whether from the Company or other investors) is typically intended to provide the Company with enough capital to reach the next major corporate milestone. If the funds are not sufficient, Company may have to raise additional capital at a price unfavorable to the existing investors. The availability of capital is at least partially a function of capital market conditions that are beyond the control of the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to predict accurately the future capital requirements necessary for success or that additional funds will be available from any source. Failure to obtain such financing on favorable terms could dilute or otherwise severely impair the value of the investor's Company securities.
- 58. There is no present public market for these Securities and we have arbitrarily set the price. The offering price was not established in a competitive market. We have arbitrarily set the price of the Securities with reference to the general status of the securities market and other relevant factors. The Offering price for the Securities should not be considered an indication of the actual value of

the Securities and is not based on our net worth or prior earnings. We cannot assure you that the Securities could be resold by you at the Offering price or at any other price.

59. In addition to the risks listed above, businesses are often subject to risks not foreseen or fully appreciated by the management. It is not possible to foresee all risks that may affect us. Moreover, the Company cannot predict whether the Company will successfully effectuate the Company's current business plan. Each prospective Investor is encouraged to carefully analyze the risks and merits of an investment in the Securities and should take into consideration when making such analysis, among other, the Risk Factors discussed above.

60. THE SECURITIES OFFERED INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK AND MAY RESULT IN THE LOSS OF YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. ANY PERSON CONSIDERING THE PURCHASE OF THESE SECURITIES SHOULD BE AWARE OF THESE AND OTHER FACTORS SET FORTH IN THIS OFFERING STATEMENT AND SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER LEGAL, TAX AND FINANCIAL ADVISORS PRIOR TO MAKING AN INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES SHOULD ONLY BE PURCHASED BY PERSONS WHO CAN AFFORD TO LOSE ALL OF THEIR INVESTMENT.

7. Describe the ownership and capital structure of the Company, including: the terms of the securities being offered and each other class of security of the Company, including the number of securities being offered and/or outstanding, whether or not such securities have voting rights, any limitations on such voting rights, how the terms of the securities being offered may be modified and a summary of the differences between such securities and each other class of security of the Company, and how the rights of the securities being offered may be materially limited, diluted or qualified by the rights of any other class of security of the Company. (portions of § 227.201(m))

Class of security	Amount authorized	Amount outstanding	Voting rights	Other terms
Common Units	5,000,000	2,452,179	No	
Preferred Units	5,000,000	0	No	

Those investors that participated in our offering via Netcapital have given their voting rights to a custodian, who will exercise the voting rights on behalf of all shareholders who purchased shares on the Netcapital crowdfunding portal.

The securities were issued with voting rights. However, so that the crowdfunding community has the opportunity to act together and cast a vote as a group when a voting matter arises, a custodian will cast your vote for investors pursuant to the custodian agreement that all investors entered into in connection with the purchase of common stock or units on Netcapital.

8. Describe how the exercise of rights held by the principal shareholders of the Company could affect the purchasers of the securities being offered. (portions of § 227.201(m))

There are no exercise rights held by the principal shareholders that would materially affect the current investors that participated in our Netcapital offering.

As the holder of a majority of the voting rights in the company, our majority shareholder may make decisions with which you disagree, or that negatively affect the value of your investment in the company, and you will have no recourse to change those decisions. Your interests may conflict with the interests of other investors, and there is no guarantee that the company will develop in a way that is advantageous to you. For example, the majority shareholder may decide to issue additional shares to new investors, sell convertible debt instruments with beneficial conversion features, or make decisions that affect the tax treatment of the company in ways that may be unfavorable to you. Based on the risks described above, you may lose all or part of your investment in the securities that you purchase, and you may never see positive returns.

9. Describe how the securities are being valued, and examples of methods for how such securities may be valued by the Company in the future, including during subsequent corporate actions. (portions of § 227.201(m))

The price of the Securities was determined solely by the management and bears no relation to traditional measures of valuation such as book value or price-to-earnings ratios. We expect that any future valuation will take the same approach.

10. Describe the risks to purchasers of the securities relating to minority ownership in the Company and the risks associated with corporate actions including additional issuances of securities, Company repurchases of securities, a sale of the Company or of assets of the issuer or transactions with related parties (portions of § 227.201(m))

As a minority owner of MAGFAST, investors do not have a definitive say in terms of business decisions.

Those investors who purchased common stock through Netcapital have a minority ownership in MAGFAST and will be subject to the same risks as any investor with a minority stake in the company. Principally, minority investors will not have sufficient voting rights required to influence company direction at their discretion.

Corporate actions such as issuance of additional securities or repurchase of securities could influence the share price of securities held by Netcapital investors to decrease or increase respectively. Fluctuations in company valuation could similarly occur and positively or adversely impact Netcapital investors. Similarly, a sale of the issuer or assets of the issuer would signal a distribution of funds in relation to the securities held by the individual and the liquidation preferences of said securities.

11. Describe the restrictions on transfer of the securities, as set forth in § 227.501. (portions of § 227.201(m))

The securities issued in a transaction exempt from registration pursuant to section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) and in accordance with section 4A of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d-1) and this part through Netcapital may not be transferred by any purchaser of such securities during the one-year period beginning when the securities were issued in a transaction exempt from registration pursuant to section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)), unless such securities are transferred: to the issuer of the securities; to an accredited investor; as part of an offering registered with the Commission; or to a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other similar circumstances. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "accredited investor" shall mean any person who comes within any of the categories set forth in § 230.501(a) of this chapter, or 3who the seller reasonably believes comes within any of such categories, at the time of the sale of the securities to that person. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent" includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in- law, or sister-in-law of the purchaser, and shall include adoptive relationships. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

12. Describe the material terms of any indebtedness of the Company, including the amount, interest rate, maturity date and any other material terms. (§ 227.201(p))

Creditor(s)	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
Notes Payable	\$127,084	%0.0	December 31, 2021

Other material terms: The original value of the notes total \$64,584. The note holders as a group are entitled to 5% of the revenue of the Company for four years or until each investor has received a multiple of his, her or its investment (the investor's "Investment Multiple"), as shown in the table below, whichever occurs first: Investment Multiple \$500-\$2,499 (1.6X) \$2,500-\$4,999 (2.0X) \$5,000-\$25,000 2.lX Given the pre-sales that have occurred, the Company has recorded as a liability \$127,084, the maximum amount due to the note holders, based on the above formula. The Company reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to extend the term of the Notes or to offer a revised version of the Notes to investors.

13. Describe exempt offerings conducted within the past three years. In providing a description of any prior exempt offerings, disclose: the date of the offering; the offering exemption relied upon; the type of securities offered; and the amount of securities sold and the use of proceeds. (§ 227.201(q))

Date of Offering	Securities Offered	Amount Sold	Exemption	Use of Proceeds
12/2020	Common Stock	\$1,051,450	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a) (6))	Proceeds from this Offering were used primarily for manufacturing, materials and activities related to production: tooling and product certification.
12/2021	Common Stock	\$2,313,982	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a) (6))	Operating expenses.
12/2021	Common Stock	\$1,060,191	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a) (6))	Operating expenses.
04/2022	Common Stock	\$1,141,346	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a) (6))	Operating expenses.
05/2022	Common Stock	\$463,847	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a) (6))	Operating expenses
06/2022	Common Stock	\$11,984	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a) (6))	Operating expenses.
04/2023	Common Stock	\$1,095,806	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS	Operating expenses.

Act, Section 4(a) (6))

14. Describe any transaction since the beginning of the Company's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, to which the Company was or is to be a party and the amount involved exceeds five percent of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) during the preceding 12-month period, inclusive of the amount the Company seeks to raise in the current offering under section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, in which any of the following persons had or is to have a direct or indirect material interest: any director or officer of the issuer; any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date but no earlier than 120 days prior to the date the offering statement or report is filed, the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; if the Company was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the Company; or any member of the family of any of the foregoing persons, which includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, and shall include adoptive relationships. The term spousal equivalent means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse. For each transaction identified, disclose the name of the specified person and state his or her relationship to the Company, and the nature and, where practicable, the approximate amount of his or her interest in the transaction. The amount of such interest shall be computed without regard to the amount of the profit or loss involved in the transaction. Where it is not practicable to state the approximate amount of the interest, the approximate amount involved in the transaction shall be disclosed. A transaction includes, but is not limited to, any financial transaction, arrangement or relationship (including any indebtedness or guarantee of indebtedness) or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships. (§ 227.201(r))

DOES NOT APPLY

15. Discuss the Company's financial condition, including, to the extent material, liquidity, capital resources and historical results of operations. The discussion must cover each period for which financial statements of the Company are provided. A Company also must include a discussion of any material changes or trends known to management in the financial condition and results of operations of the Company subsequent to the period for which financial statements are provided. For companies with no prior operating history, the discussion should focus on financial milestones and operational, liquidity and other challenges. For companies with an operating history, the discussion should focus on whether historical results and cash flows are representative of what investors should expect in the future. Companies should take into account the proceeds of the offering and any other known or pending sources of capital. Companies also should discuss how the proceeds from the offering will affect the Company's liquidity, whether receiving these funds and any other additional funds is necessary to the viability of the business, and how quickly the Company anticipates using its available cash. In addition, companies should describe the other available sources of capital to the business, such as lines of credit or required contributions by shareholders. References to the company in this question refer to the company and its predecessors, if any. (§ 227.201(s))

MAGFAST LLC is a Delaware limited liability company formed on October 3, 2017. During 2022, the Company was able to generate approximately \$1,000,000 in revenue. The Company has also collected cash from customers that have pre-ordered its products. The Company recorded total cumulative customer advance payments for prepaid sales amounting to \$13,874,927, \$13,087,096 and \$10,137,190, respectively, as of December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020. These advanced payments are recorded as a liability on the Company's balance sheet and will not be recognized as revenue until the products have shipped and title to the products has passed to the customers. The Company incurred a net loss of \$3,859,146, \$4,268,646 and \$4,811,177 for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, recorded a members' deficit of \$8,633,452 as of December 31, 2021, and requires additional capital for its contemplated business activities to take place. The Company plans to raise additional capital to carry out its business plan.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded a net loss of \$3,859,146, \$4,268,646 and \$4,811,177, respectively. In the year ended December 31, 2022, the primary expenses were advertising and promotion of \$1,324,612, professional fees of \$1,020,219, research and development costs of \$931,391, general and administrative expenses of \$838,973, and amortization expense of \$252,643. In the year ended December 31, 2021, the primary expenses were advertising and promotion of \$2,027,483, research and development of \$838,129, professional fees of \$702,446, credit card processing fess of \$190,291, and website amortization expense of \$252,643. In the year ended December 31, 2020, the primary expenses were advertising and promotion of \$2,745,011, research and development of \$651,180, professional fees of \$731,033, credit card processing fess of \$283,939, and website amortization expense of \$183,042.

In May and June 2022, the Company raised \$1,609,689 less a fee of \$78,875 (4.9% of capital raised) for net proceeds of \$1,530,813 as part of a crowdfunding campaign. 106,110 units were sold at a per unit price of \$15.17.

In December 2021, the Company raised \$3,374,175 less a fee of \$165,337 (4.9% of capital raised) for net proceeds of \$3,208,838 from approximately 3,000 individual investors as part of a crowdfunding campaign. 237,117 units were sold at a per unit price of \$14.23.

During the last quarter of 2020, the Company raised \$1,051,450 less a fee of \$51,521 (4.9% of capital raised) for net proceeds of \$999,929 from approximately 1,000 individual investors as part of a crowdfunding campaign. The capital raised was based on an approximate \$20 million pre-money valuation of the Company. Approximately 105,150 units were sold at a per unit price of \$10.

Notes payable represent a total of \$64,584 of individual notes. The noteholders are entitled to 5% of the revenue, including pre-sales, of the Company for four years, or until each noteholder has received a loan multiple of a minimum of 1.6 times and a maximum of 2.1 times the amount lent to the company. Based on the loan agreements, the Company has recorded a total amount payable to the noteholders of \$127,084.

With this raise, we plan to use the proceeds from this offering primarily for manufacturing and materials, sales, new product development, and activities related to production: tooling and product certification.

16. Provide financial statements (balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income, statements of cash flows, statements of changes in stockholders' equity and notes to the financial statements) for the two most recent fiscal periods prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. If any of the financial statements have been audited by an independent accountant, provide those statements. If any of the financial statements have been reviewed but not audited by an independent accountant, provide those statements. Label statements "unaudited" if they have not been audited. (portions of § 227.201(t))

Please refer to the financial statements in this Annual Report. A subsequent section in this document provides the principal executive officer's certification of the financial statements.

Ongoing Reporting Requirements

MAGFAST LLC has complied with the ongoing reporting requirements specified in Rule 202 of Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.202).

MAGFAST LLC will file a report electronically with the SEC annually and post the report on its web site (MAGFAST.com) no later than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year covered by the report.

- I, Seymour Segnit, certify that:
- (1) the financial statements of MAGFAST LLC included in this Form are true and complete in all material respects; and
- (2) the tax return information of MAGFAST LLC included in this Form reflects accurately the information reported on the tax return for MAGFAST LLC filed for the fiscal year ended Dec 31st, 2022.

Seymour Segnit

CEO

1st, May 2023

Note: Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

MAGFAST, LLC Balance Sheet

As of December 31, 2022

unaudited - estimated

ASSETS

Current Assets			
	Cash - Operating	\$	1,102,966
	Cash - Merchant Processor Held Reserves	\$	847,247
Total Current Assets		\$	1,950,213
Other Assets	Website Costs / Inventory / Prepaid Expenses / Fixed Assets / Intangible	\$	2,365,139
Total Other Assets		\$	2,365,139
Total Assets		\$	4,315,352
	LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Current Liabilities	LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Current Liabilities	Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	437,705
Current Liabilities		\$	437,705 127,084
Current Liabilities	Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ \$ \$	127,084
Current Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Notes Payable, Including Accrued Interest Expense of \$62,500 Customer Advance Payments	\$	
	Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Notes Payable, Including Accrued Interest Expense of \$62,500 Customer Advance Payments	\$ \$	127,084 13,874,927
Total Current Liabilitie	Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Notes Payable, Including Accrued Interest Expense of \$62,500 Customer Advance Payments	\$ \$ \$	127,084 13,874,927 14,439,716

MAGFAST, LLC (DE) Statements of Operations and Members' Equity (Deficit)

January - December 2022

unaudited - estimated

Revenue		\$	1,064,828	
COGS		\$	562,290	
Operating Expenses				
	Advertising/Promotion/Giveaways	\$	1,324,612	
	Research and Product Development Costs	\$	931,391	
	Professional Fees	\$	1,020,219	
	General and Administrative	\$	838,973	
	Amortization	\$	252,643	to be updated after audit
Total Operating Expenses		\$	4,367,838	
Loss from Operations		\$	(3,865,300)	
Other Income (Expenses)				
	Other Income	\$	6,154	
	Interest Expense		\$ -	
Total Other Income (Expenses)		\$	6,154	
Net Loss		\$	(3,859,146)	
Members' Equity (Deficit) - Beginning		\$	(8,633,452)	
Capital Contributions		\$	593,355	
Member Distributions			\$ -	
Members' Equity (Deficit) - Ending		\$ ((11,899,244)	

MAGFAST, LLC BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

		2021	2020
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$	2,662,369	\$ 1,650,223
Prepaid Expenses		892,133	1,412
Total Current Assets		3,554,502	1,651,635
Other Assets			
Merchant Processor Held Reserves		817,751	890,731
Website Costs, Net of Accumulated Amortization of			
\$584,310 and \$331,667, Respectively		491,697	341,531
Patents and Trademark		115,105	-
Total Other Assets		1,424,553	1,232,262
Total Assets	\$	4,979,055	\$ 2,883,897
LIABILITIES AND MEMBE	ERS' D	EFICIT	
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	398,327	\$ 194,012
Notes Payable, Including Accrued Interest Expense of			
\$62,500 and \$62,500, Respectively		127,084	127,084
Customer Advance Payments		13,087,096	10,137,190
Total Current Liabilities		13,612,507	10,458,286
Total Liabilities		13,612,507	10,458,286
Members' Deficit		(8,633,452)	(7,574,389)
Total Liabilities and Members' Deficit	\$	4,979,055	\$ 2,883,897

MAGFAST, LLC STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND MEMBERS' DEFICIT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
Revenue	\$ - \$	-
Operating Expenses		
Advertising and Promotion	2,027,483	2,745,011
Research and Product Development Costs	838,129	651,180
Professional Fees	702,446	731,033
Credit Card Processing Fees	190,291	283,939
Customer Servies Fees	173,352	165,729
Office Expense	56,381	30,082
General and Administrative	27,921	21,161
Amortization	252,643	183,042
Total Operating Expenses	4,268,646	4,811,177
Loss from Operations	(4,268,646)	(4,811,177)
Other Income		
Other Income	745	-
Total Other Income	745	-
Net Loss	(4,267,901)	(4,811,177)
Members' Deficit - Beginning	(7,574,389)	(3,763,141)
Capital Contributions, Net of Fees	 3,208,838	999,929
Members' Deficit - Ending	\$ (8,633,452) \$	(7,574,389)

MAGFAST, LLC STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net Loss	\$ (4,267,901)	\$ (4,811,177)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash (Used)	,	,
Provided by Operating Activities		
Amortization	252,643	183,042
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Merchant Processor Held Reserves	72,980	(156,394)
Prepaid Expenses	(890,721)	(1,412)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	204,315	(138,173)
Customer Advance Payments	2,949,906	5,371,151
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Operating Activities	(1,678,778)	447,037
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Patents and Trademark Website Development Costs	(115,105) (402,809)	- (248,141)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(517,914)	(248,141)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Capital Contributions, Net of Fees	3,208,838	999,929
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	3,208,838	999,929
Net Increase in Cash	1,012,146	1,198,825
Cash - Beginning of Period	1,650,223	451,398
Cash - End of Period	\$ 2,662,369	\$ 1,650,223
Supplemental Disclosures:		
Cash Paid for Interest	\$ -	\$ -
Cash Paid for Income Taxes	\$ -	\$ -